



B17012. POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS OF FAMILIES BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE BY NUMBER OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS - Universe: FAMILIES

Data Set: [2004 American Community Survey](#)
Survey: American Community Survey

NOTE: Data are limited to the household population and exclude the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see [Survey Methodology](#).

[« hide upper and lower bounds](#)

	Alaska		
	Estimate	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
Total:	156,309	152,873	159,745
Income in the last 12 months below poverty level:	8,624	7,547	9,701
Married-couple family:	3,461	2,304	4,618
No child	1,467	322	2,612
1 or 2 children	1,212	701	1,723
3 or 4 children	432	0	969
5 or more children	350	56	644
Other families:	5,163	4,070	6,256
Male householder, no wife present:	1,317	466	2,168
No child	0	0	274
1 or 2 children	729	316	1,142
3 or 4 children	40	0	110
5 or more children	548	0	1,195
Female householder, no husband present:	3,846	3,065	4,627
No child	195	18	372
1 or 2 children	2,433	1,916	2,950
3 or 4 children	1,218	604	1,832
5 or more children	0	0	274
Income in the last 12 months at or above poverty level:	147,685	144,168	151,202
Married-couple family:	115,751	111,914	119,588
No child	58,902	56,276	61,528
1 or 2 children	43,330	40,650	46,010
3 or 4 children	12,593	10,897	14,289
5 or more children	926	460	1,392
Other families:	31,934	29,456	34,412
Male householder, no wife present:	12,111	10,753	13,469
No child	2,851	2,011	3,691
1 or 2 children	8,249	7,104	9,394
3 or 4 children	861	439	1,283
5 or more children	150	0	342
Female householder, no husband present:	19,823	17,904	21,742
No child	5,611	3,932	7,290
1 or 2 children	12,568	10,633	14,503
3 or 4 children	1,325	680	1,970
5 or more children	319	42	596

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2004 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a confidence interval. The interval shown here is a 90 percent confidence interval. The stated range can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the lower and upper bounds contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The number of householders does not necessarily equal the number of households because of differences in the weighting schemes for the population and occupied housing units.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An "*" entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the lower and upper bounds. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An "***" entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that no sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the lower and upper bounds. A statistical test is not appropriate.
3. An "-" entry in the estimate column indicates that no sample observations were available to compute an estimate.
4. An "-" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
6. An "****" entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
7. An "*****" entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

Standard Error/Variance documentation for this dataset:

[2004 Accuracy of the Data](#)